

RCCADS 2025-26 Program

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# Exploring Effects of ADS on Crash Injury Distribution through Integration of Field Data, Pre-Crash and Crash Simulations

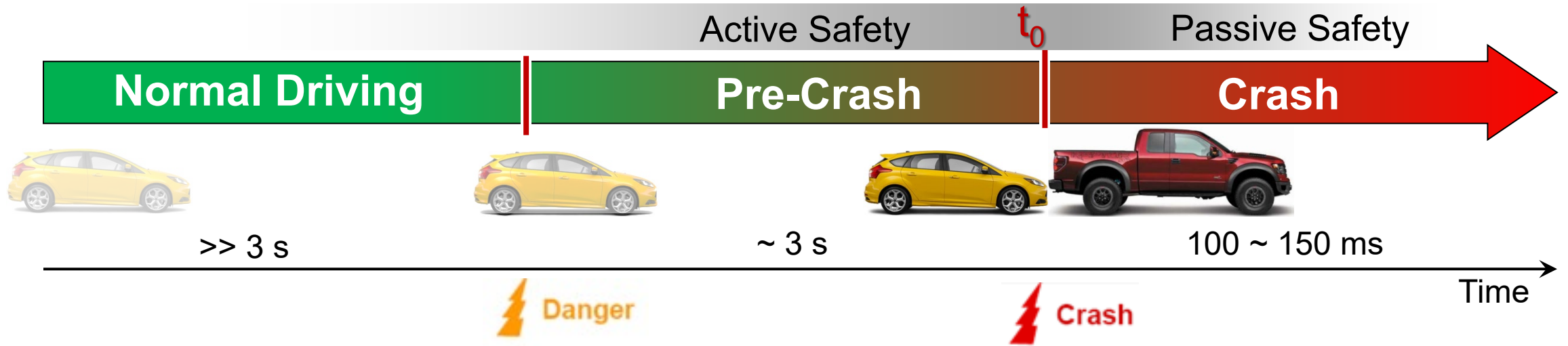
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**Wenbo Sun, Jingwen Hu, Anne Bonifas, Amy Li**

UMTRI

May 20, 2026

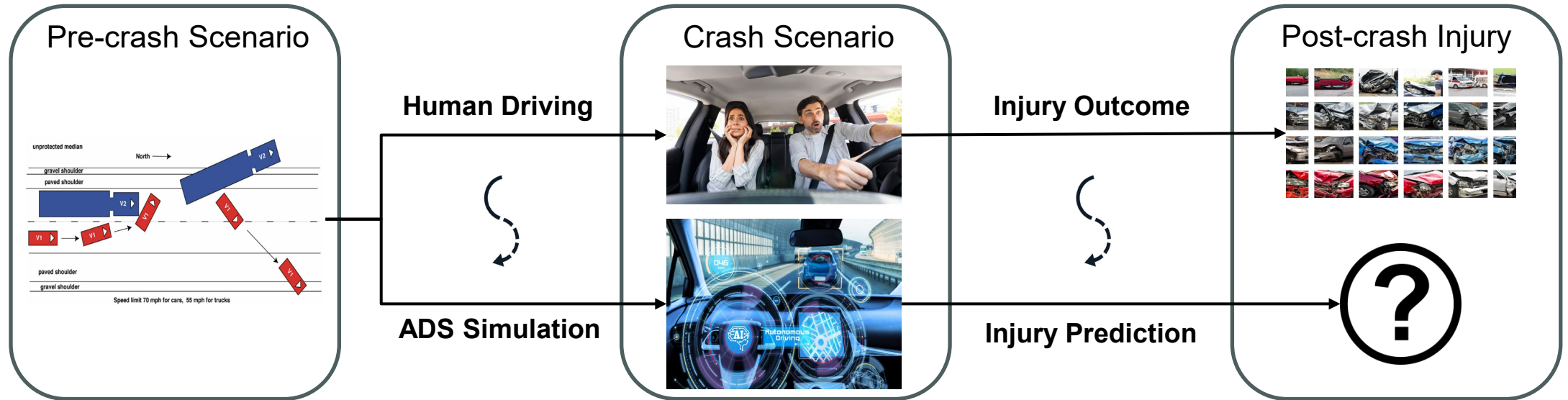
# Motivation



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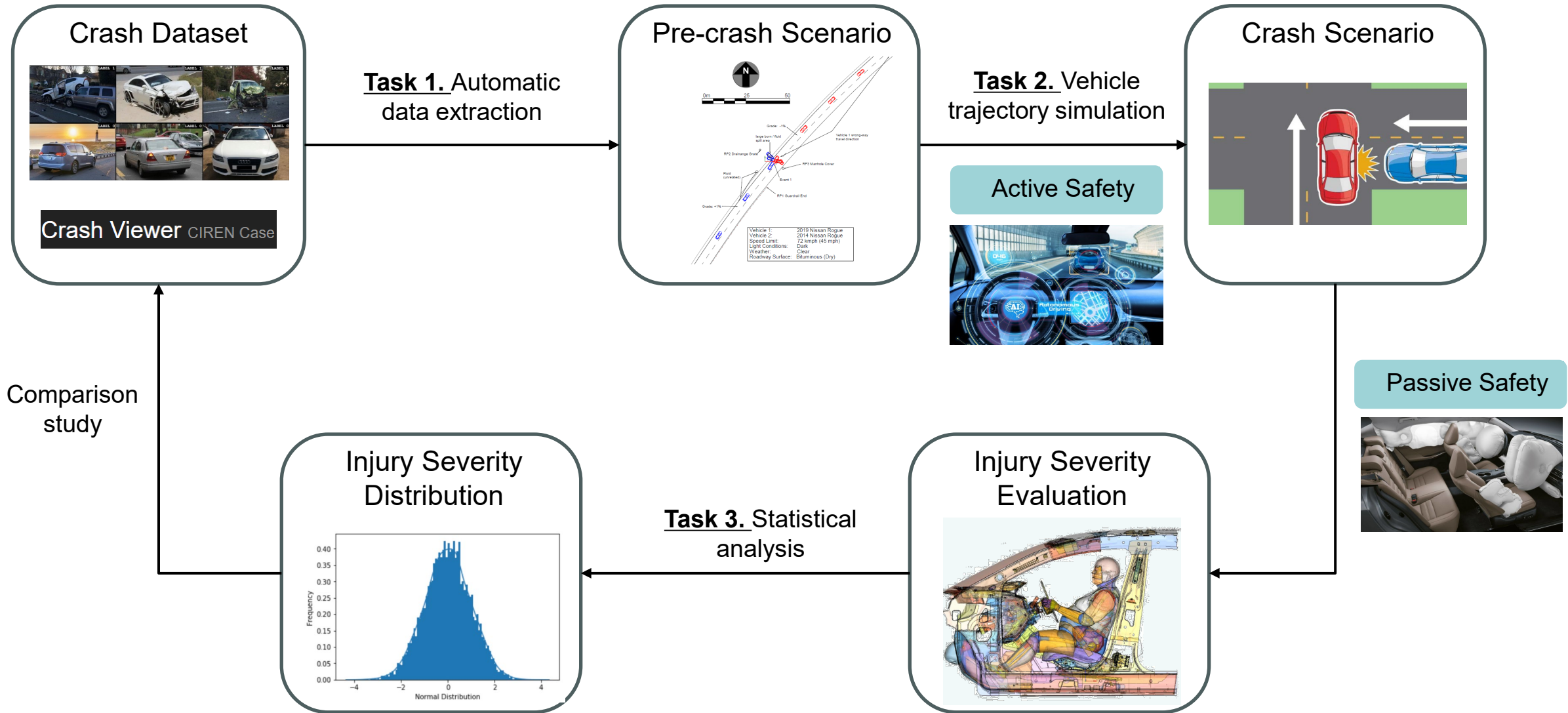
- An autonomous vehicle should travel 100 million miles without causing a fatal accident.
- Active and passive safety have been developed as two isolated systems:
  - **Active safety:** crash avoidance;
  - **Passive safety:** crash injury mitigation.
- **Integrative safety:** jointly optimize the active and passive safety systems to avoid fatal crashes.
- **Research need:** explore the injury risk distribution for ADS during inevitable crashes.

# Research Challenges



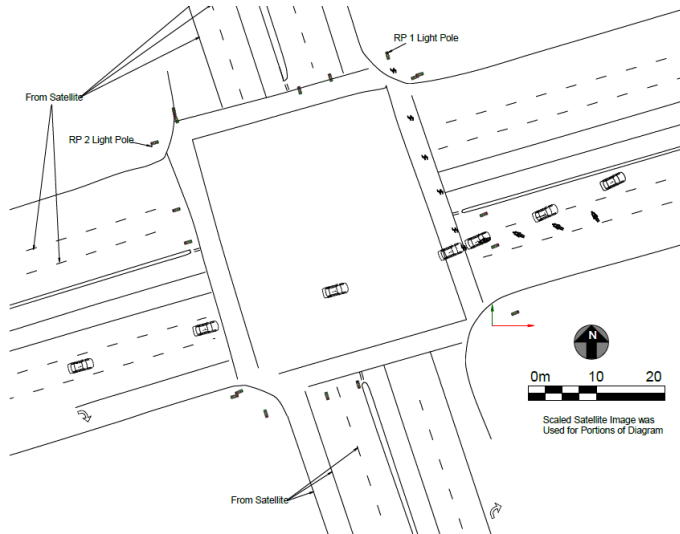
- Noisy field data
- Isolated pre-crash and crash simulations 
- Unknown ADS crash distribution
- Task 1: Automatic data extraction
- Task 2: ADS simulation with injury prediction
- Task 3: Statistical analysis

# Proposed Project Framework



# Task 1. Automatic Field Data Extraction

## Crash Dataset



### Crash Summary

Vehicle 1 (V1, 2016 Chevy Spark) was traveling east and Non-Motorist 1 (NM1, 26-year-old male) was crossing the roadway heading south. The speed limit was 72 km/h. At the time of the crash, it was dark with overhead streetlights and the weather was clear. No visual obstructions were noted. The non-motorist was crossing within the crosswalk located at an intersection. The front of V1 contacted NM1 on his right side. The pedestrian wrapped onto the hood of the vehicle and slid into the windshield and the windshield header, as evidenced by contact damage to the vehicle's bumper, hood, windshield, and windshield header. The pedestrian came to rest on the ground approximately 15 meters from the point of impact, and the vehicle came to rest north of the non-motorist and just beyond the non-motorist's final rest location.



## Pre-Crash Information



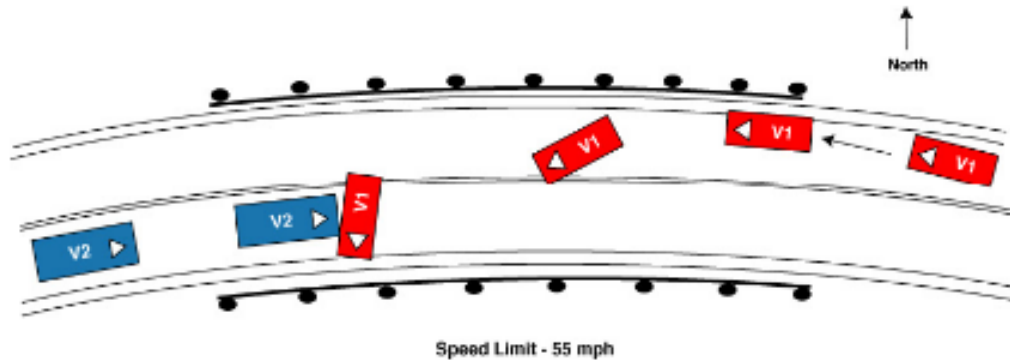
## Crash Information



## Crash Outcome



# Additional Crash Information



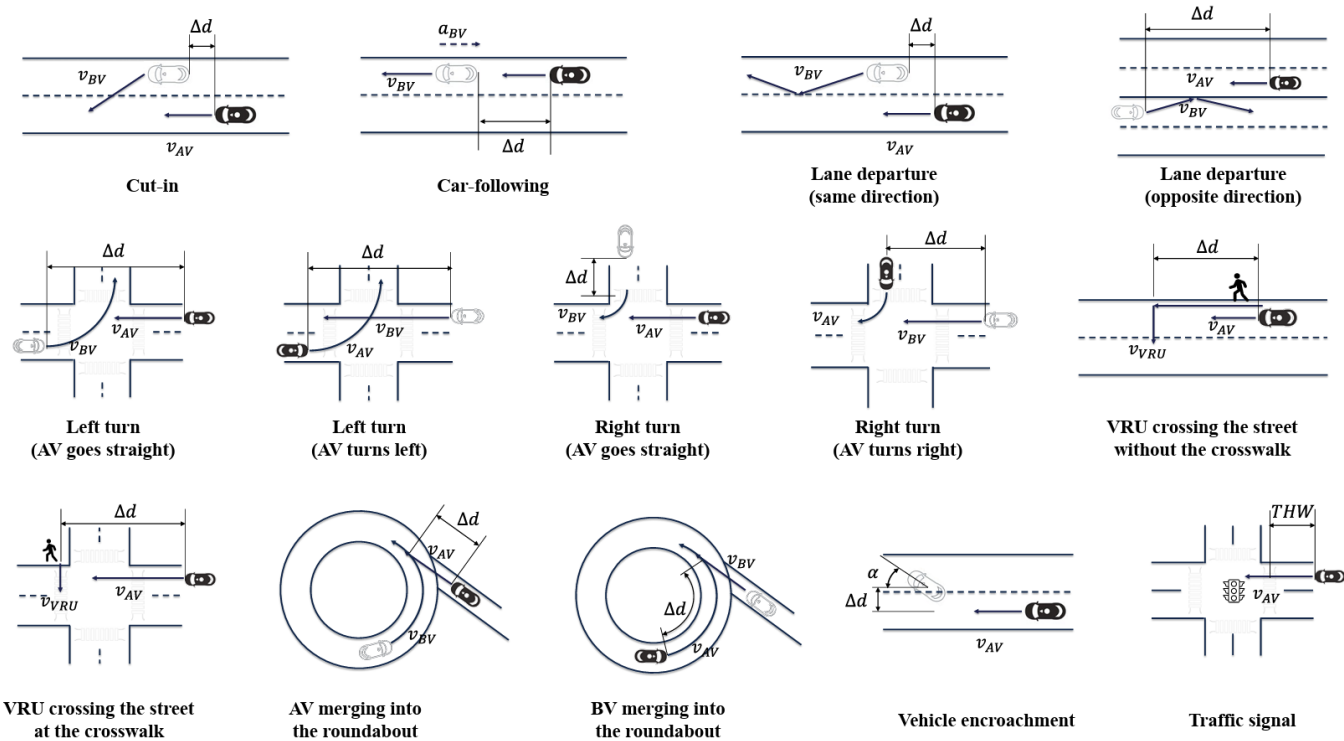
## Crash Summary

Vehicle one (V1 - case vehicle), a 2002 Subaru Forester, 4-door utility vehicle was traveling west in the westbound lane of a two-lane, two-way roadway and was negotiating a right curve. Vehicle two (V2), a 2002 Buick Rendezvous, 4-door utility vehicle was traveling east in the eastbound lane of the same roadway and was negotiating a left curve. It was daylight, snowing, and the bituminous road was icy. The driver of V1 lost control on the icy road and began to rotate counterclockwise. V1 rotated approximately 90 degrees, crossed the centerline and entered the eastbound lane. The driver of V2 could not avoid V1 and the front of V2 struck the right side of V1 in a T-type configuration. Both vehicles were towed due to disabling vehicle damage. The 36-year-old male driver of V1 (case occupant) was using the available three-point seat belt but no airbags deployed in the driver's seating position. He was transported via ground ambulance to a regional level-one trauma center.

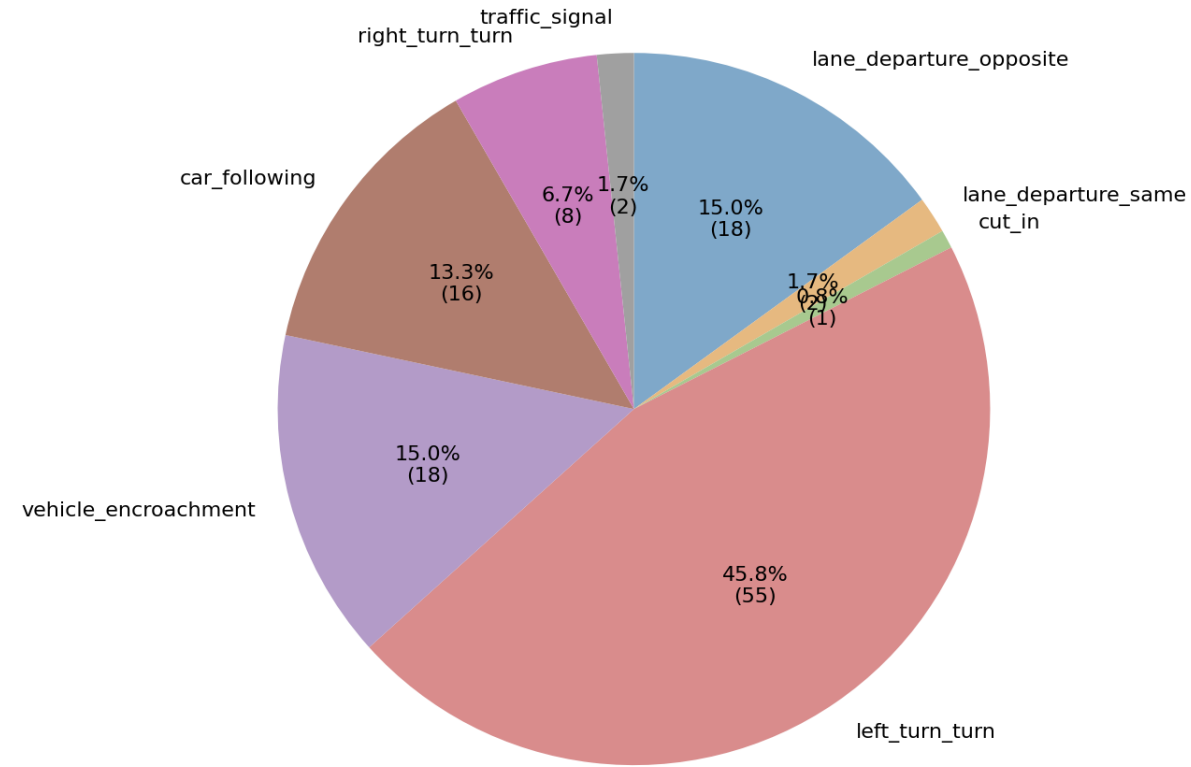
Type	Examples / Description
Crash diagram	Graphic/image not extracted.
Occupant-specific transport	Ambulance vs. helicopter, hospital transfer details.
Environment condition	Road type, lanes, weather, daylight, road surface.
Driver medical events	Seizure or loss-of-control events.
Occupant orientation	Forward/rearward movement relative to vehicle interior, child seat orientation.

# Extracted Pre-crash Scenarios

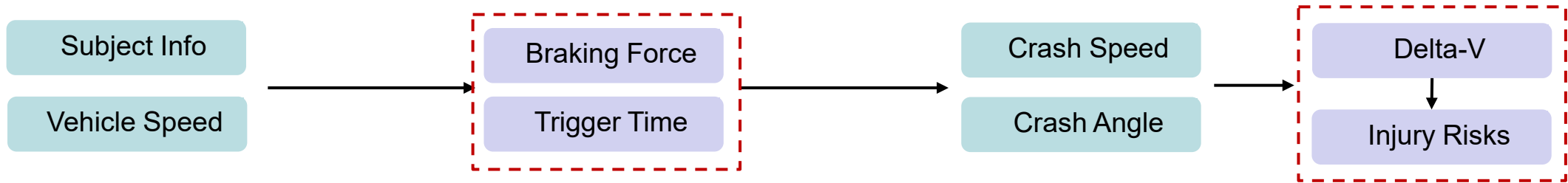
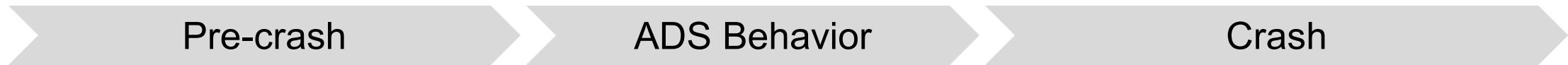
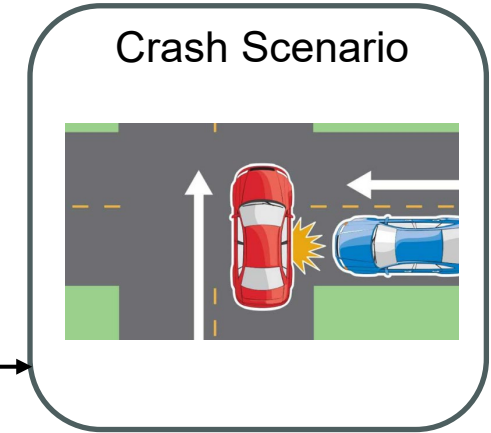
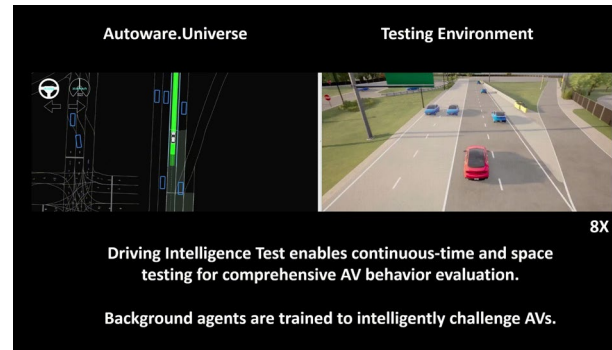
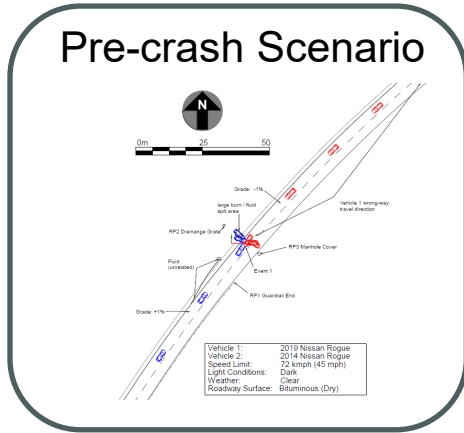
## ADS Simulation



## Extracted Field Data

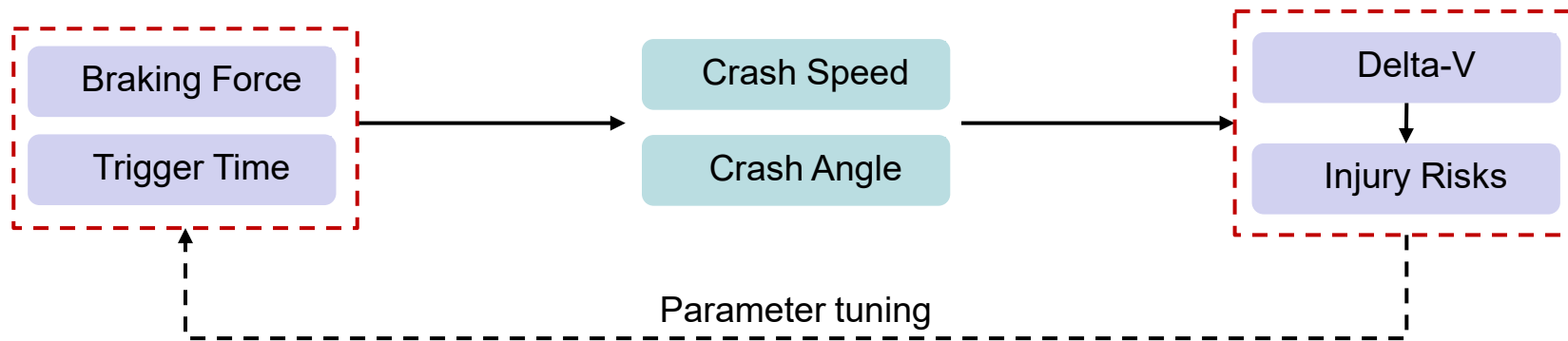
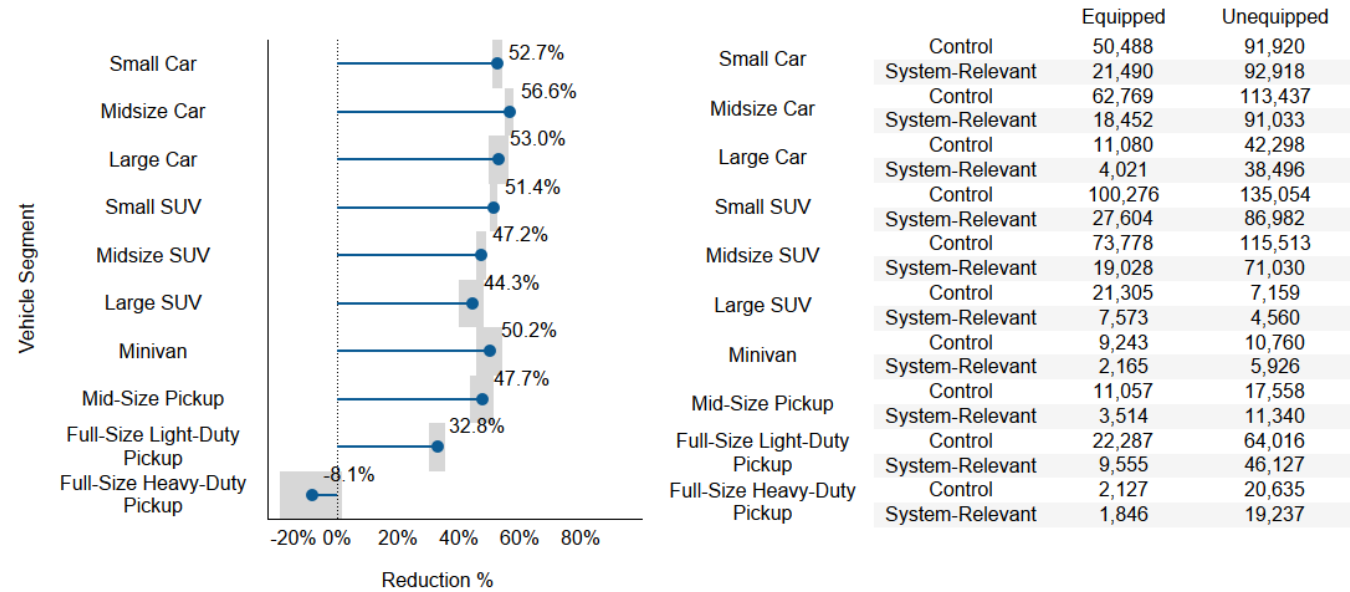
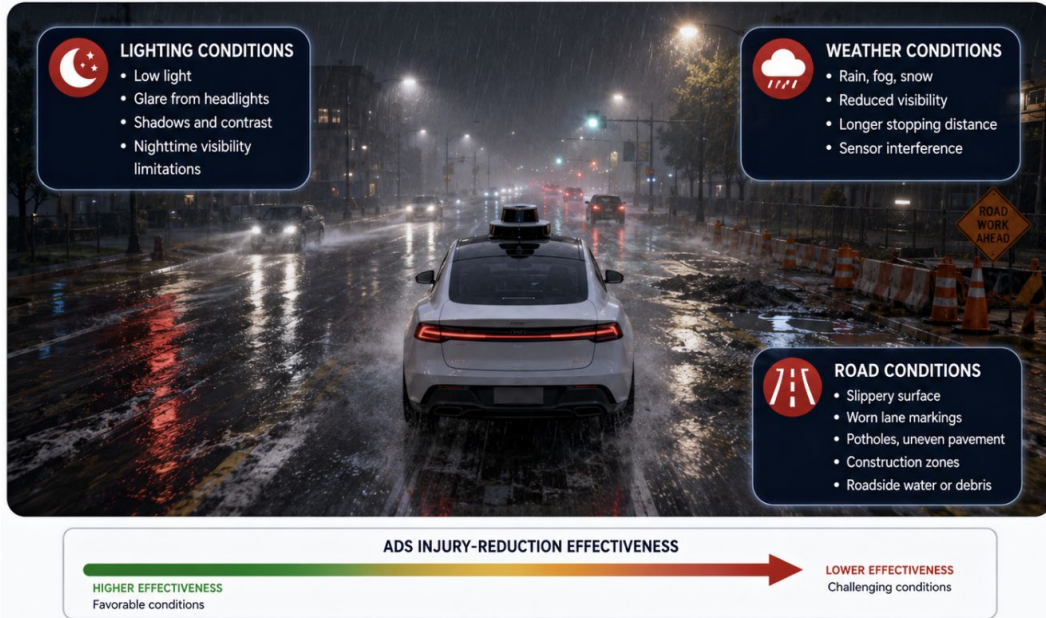


# Task 2 ADS Simulation



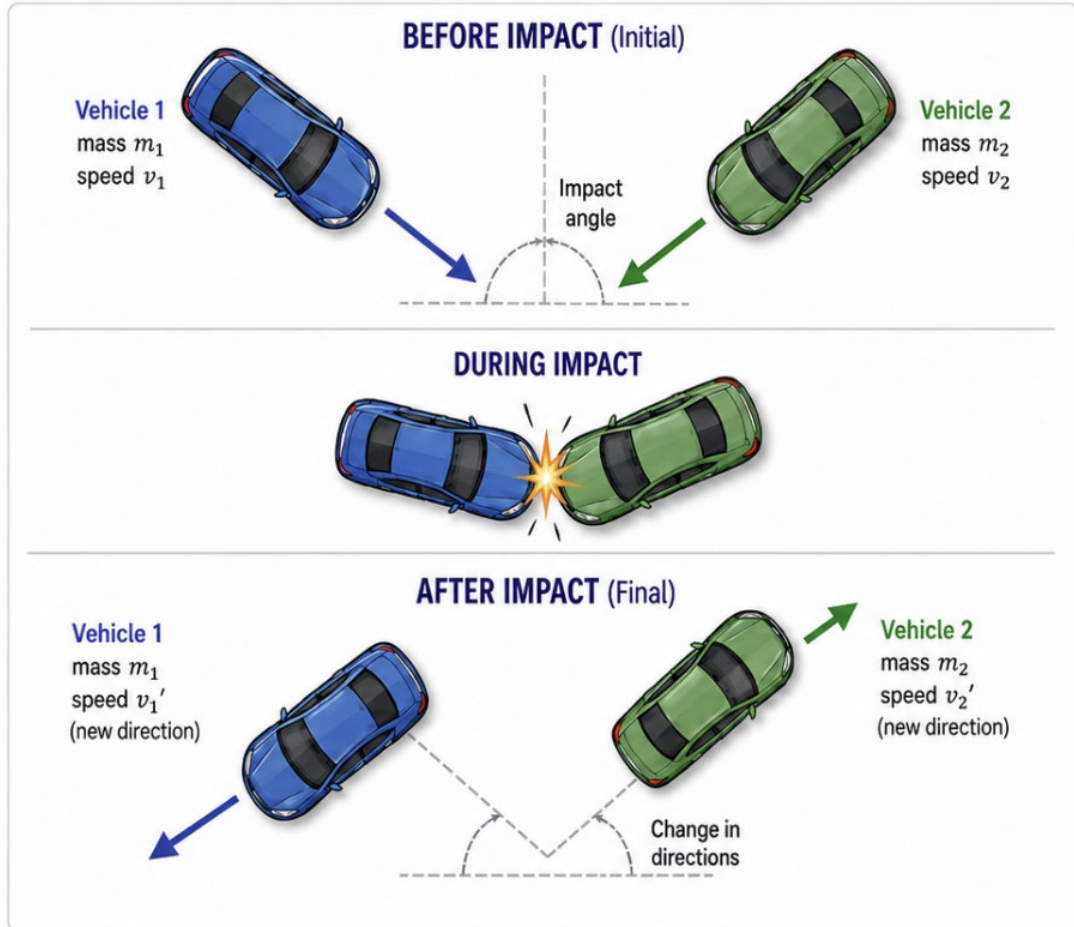
- Adjust simulation parameters to account for ADS effectiveness in real world crashes
- Evaluate injury outcomes for generated ADS simulations

# Simulation Parameter for ADS Effectiveness

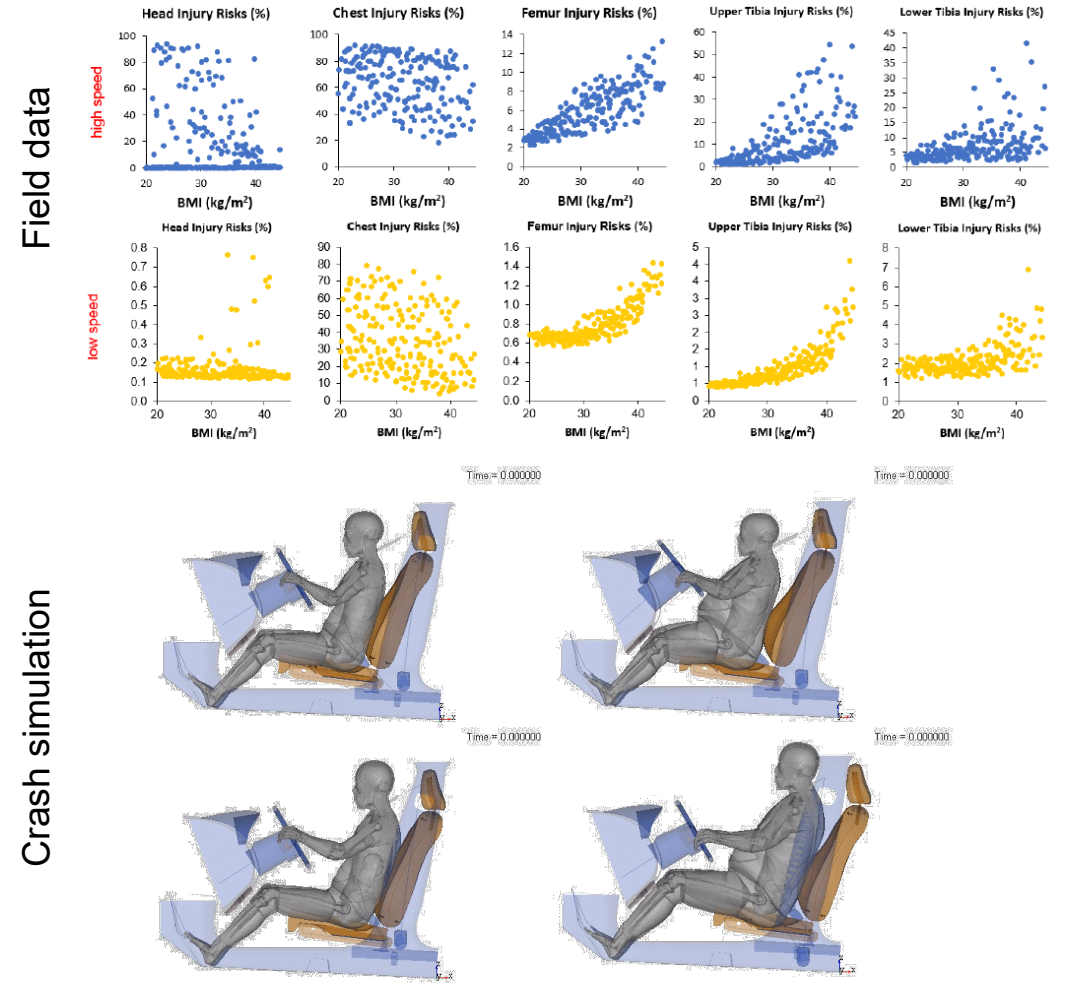


# Crash Injury Evaluation

## Delta-V calculation

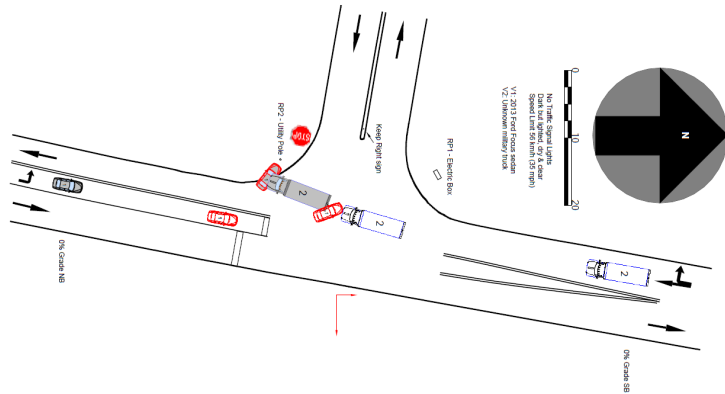


## Injury risk prediction



# Automated Pipeline for Vehicle-to-Vehicle Crash

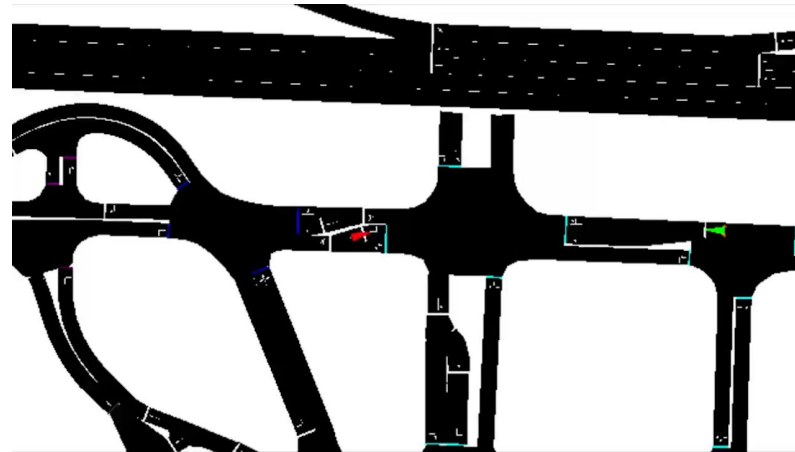
Field data



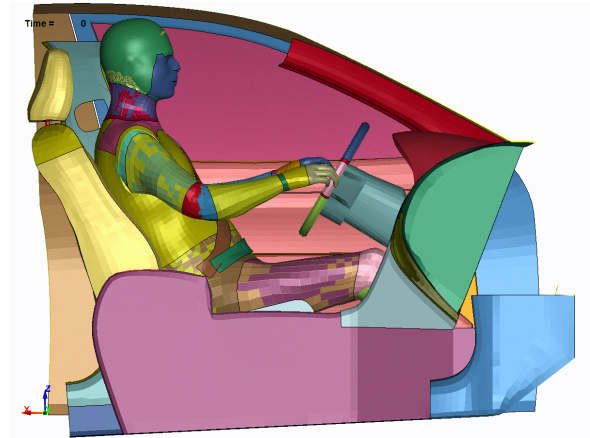
This investigation focused on the injury mechanisms of a belted, 30-year-old, male driver with deployed right curtain and left knee bolster airbags. He sustained critical injuries when the intermediate-size sedan he was driving was involved in a right plane, angled impact to the front of a medium/heavy truck. No other passengers were in the vehicle.

The crash occurred during early evening hours on dark but lighted dry road under clear skies. The roadway consisted of a three-leg suburban intersection with no signal light controls. The two vehicles were traveling on the north/south roadway approaching the intersection from opposite directions. The posted speed limit was 56 km/h (35 mph). The bituminous asphalt road was curved left in V1's northbound direction of approach with minimal superelevation or grade. V2's southbound approach was straight with minimal grade.

ADS simulation



Crash simulation

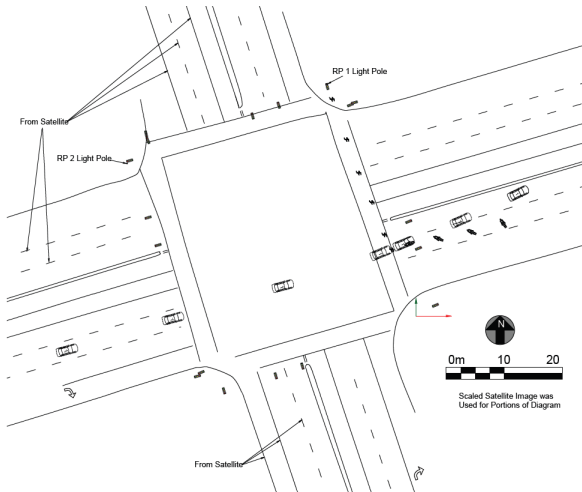


Injury outcome

Location	Injury Risk
Head	3.7%
Chest	4.3%
Lower Extremity	8.6%

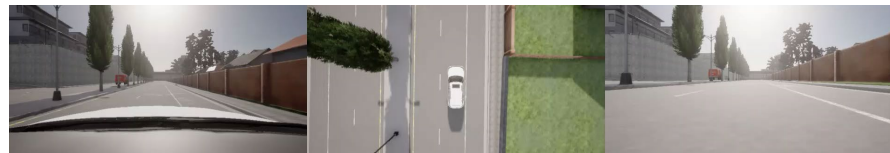
# Automated Pipeline for Vehicle-to-Pedestrian Crash

## Field data

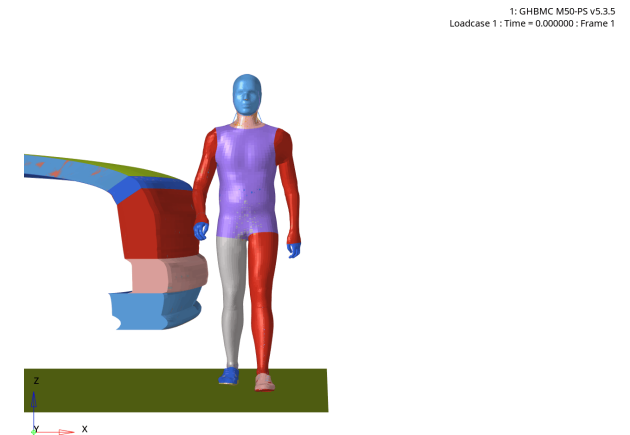


Vehicle 1 (V1, 2016 Chevy Spark) was traveling east and Non-Motorist 1 (NM1, 26-year-old male) was crossing the roadway heading south. The speed limit was 72 km/h. At the time of the crash, it was dark with overhead streetlights and the weather was clear. No visual obstructions were noted. The non-motorist was crossing within the crosswalk located at an intersection. The front of V1 contacted NM1 on his right side. The pedestrian wrapped onto the hood of the vehicle and slid into the windshield and the windshield header, as evidenced by contact damage to the vehicle's bumper, hood, windshield, and windshield header. The pedestrian came to rest on the ground approximately 15 meters from the point of impact, and the vehicle came to rest north of the non-motorist and just beyond the non-motorist's final rest location.

## ADS simulation



## Crash simulation

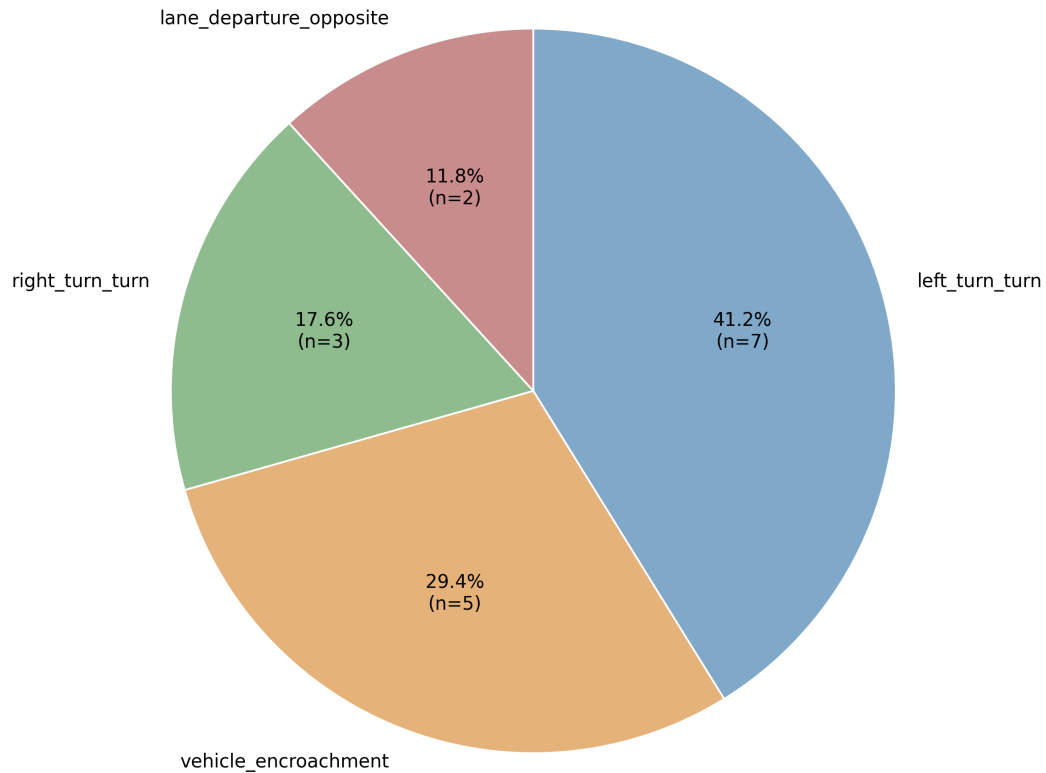


## Injury outcome

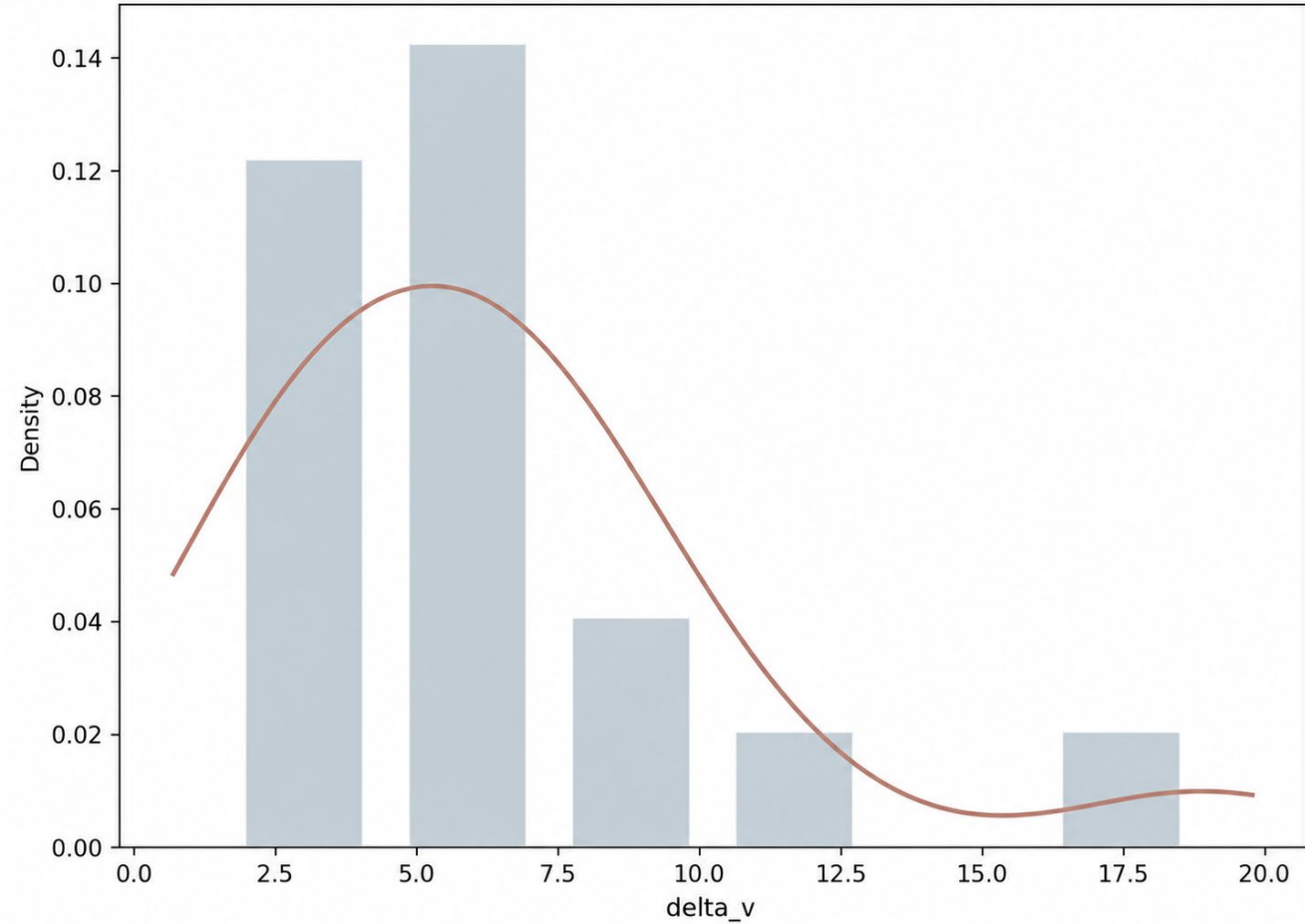
Location	Injury Risk
Head	0.2%
Chest	3.0%
Lower Extremity	1.0%

# Task 3 Statistical Analysis

Distribution of Categories

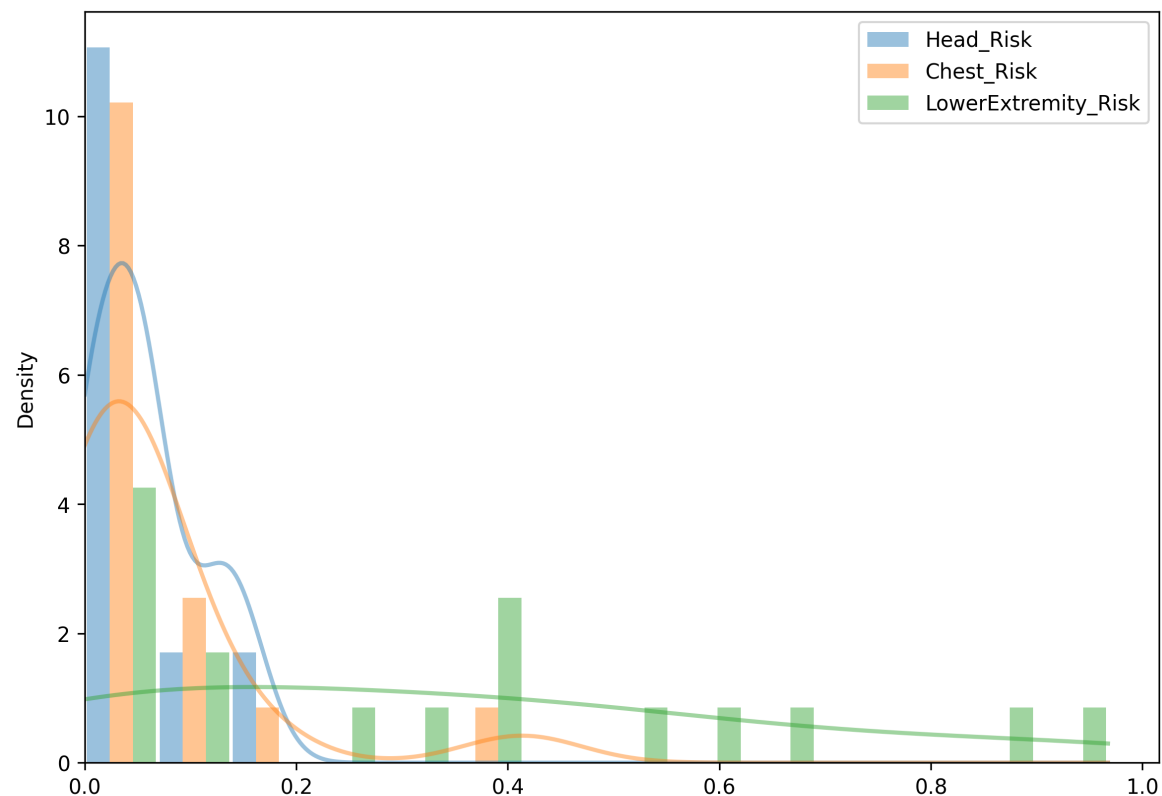
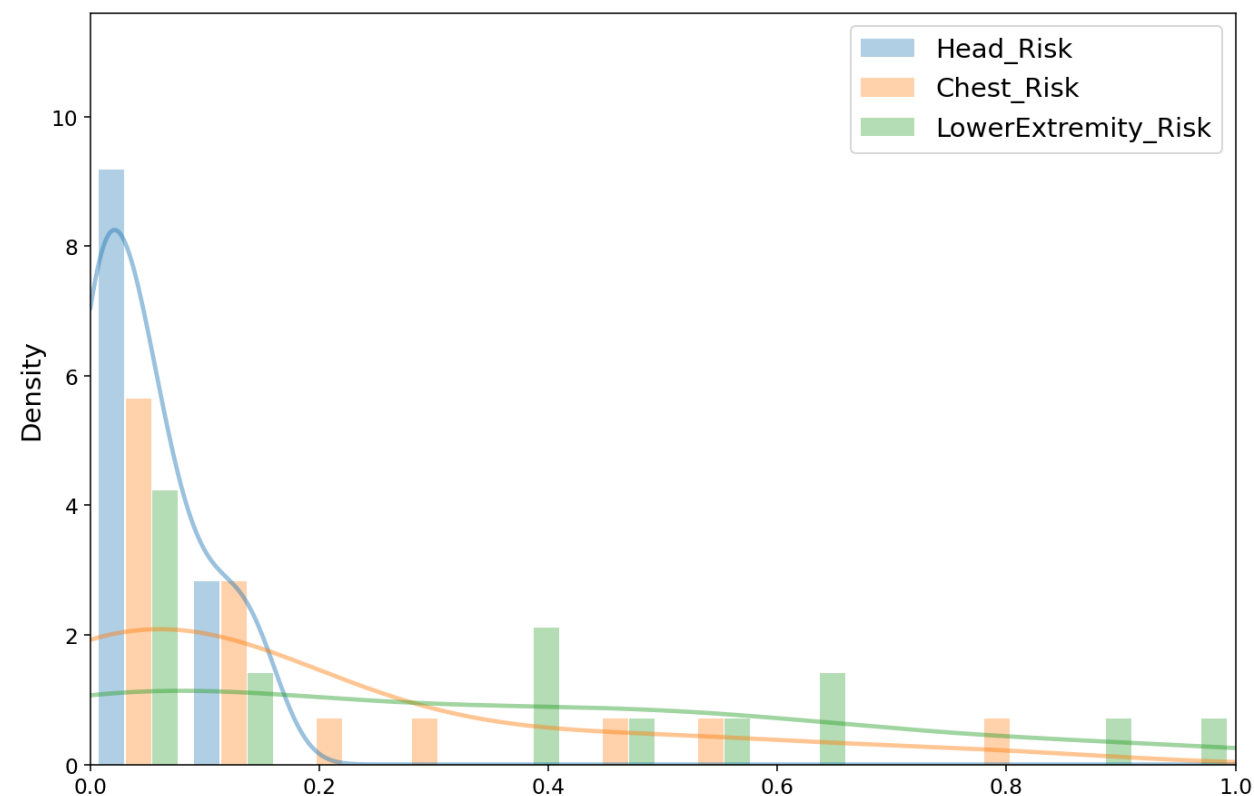


Histogram and Density Curve of delta\_v



- ADS simulation and injury risk analysis have been conducted on 17 CIREN cases.

# Human Decision versus ADS Decision



	Head	Chest	Lower EXT
Human	0.048 (0.05)	0.175 (0.23)	0.318 (0.32)
ADS	0.056 (0.05)	0.064 (0.10)	0.335 (0.30)

# Conclusion

- Extract field data to generate close-to-reality ADS simulations
- Evaluate injury risks for ADS simulations
- Quantify the injury risk distributions under human driving and ADS decision

# Questions?



Contact: Wenbo Sun, Ph.D., [sunwbgt@umich.edu](mailto:sunwbgt@umich.edu)

# Supplementary Material

# EDR Data (CIREN #108646)

EDR data metrics: speed, braking, acceleration, steering angle, and seatbelt usage

## Air Bag Deploy

Type	Position	Stage 1(ms)	Stage 2(ms)
Steering Wheel Hub		13	
Top Instrument Panel		13	

## Pre-Crash

Pre-Seconds	Speed (MPH)	Engine Speed (RPM)	Throttle %	Brake Switch Circuit Status
-5.000	68	2560	7	Off
-4.000	68	2560	7	Off
-3.000	65	2304	13	Off
-2.000	71	3328	82	Off
-1.000	52	4608	100	Off

## General Data

Version	2.24
Lamp Status	On
CDC	Event# 2 FZEW05
Deploy Status	Deployment
Ignition Cycle - Event"	877
Ignition Cycle - Investigation	878

## Driver

Belt	Buckled
Seat	
Pretensioner	Not Reported
Seat Track Forward	Not Reported

## Passenger

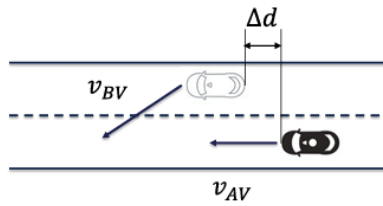
Belt	Not Reported
Seat	Not Reported
Pretensioner	Not Reported
Seat Track Forward	Not Reported

## Crash

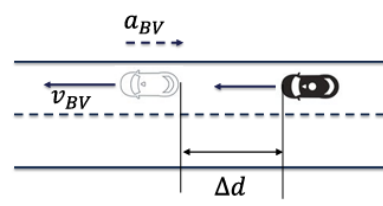
### Longitudinal Delta V

Time (ms)	Delta V (MPH)
10	.44
20	-1.76
30	-4.39
40	-7.9
50	-12.73
60	-20.62
70	-26.77
80	-32.47
90	-37.3
100	-42.12
110	-45.64
120	-48.71

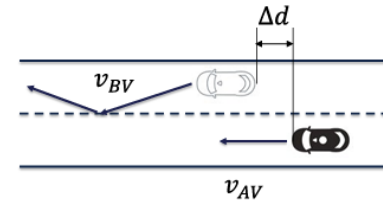
# Scenarios in the ADS Simulator



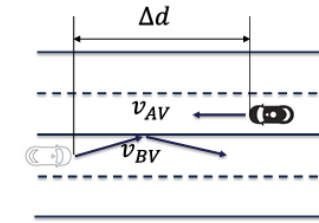
Cut-in



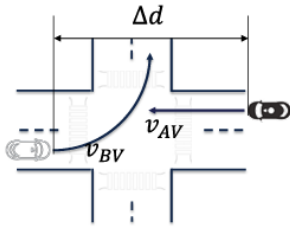
Car-following



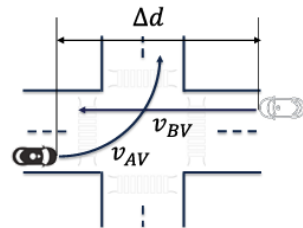
Lane departure  
(same direction)



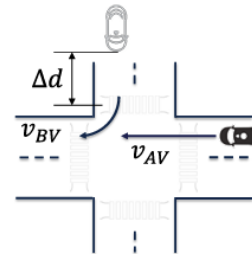
Lane departure  
(opposite direction)



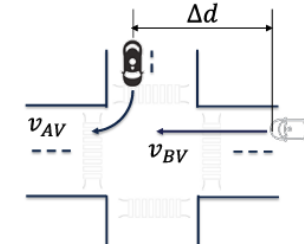
Left turn  
(AV goes straight)



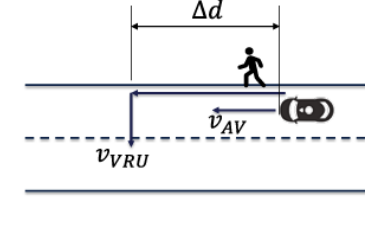
Left turn  
(AV turns left)



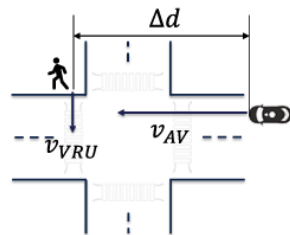
Right turn  
(AV goes straight)



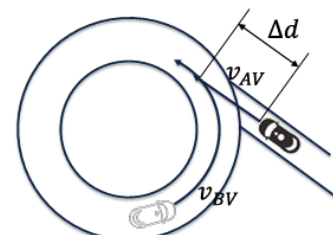
Right turn  
(AV turns right)



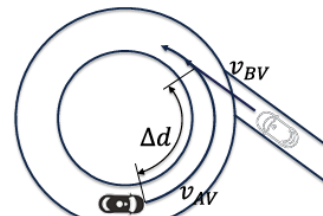
VRU crossing the street  
without the crosswalk



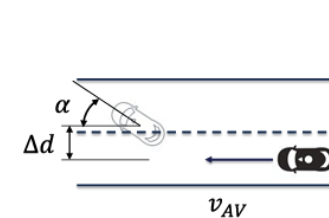
VRU crossing the street  
at the crosswalk



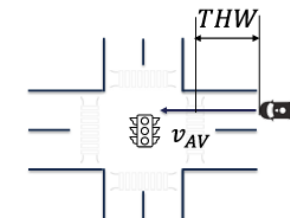
AV merging into  
the roundabout



BV merging into  
the roundabout



Vehicle encroachment



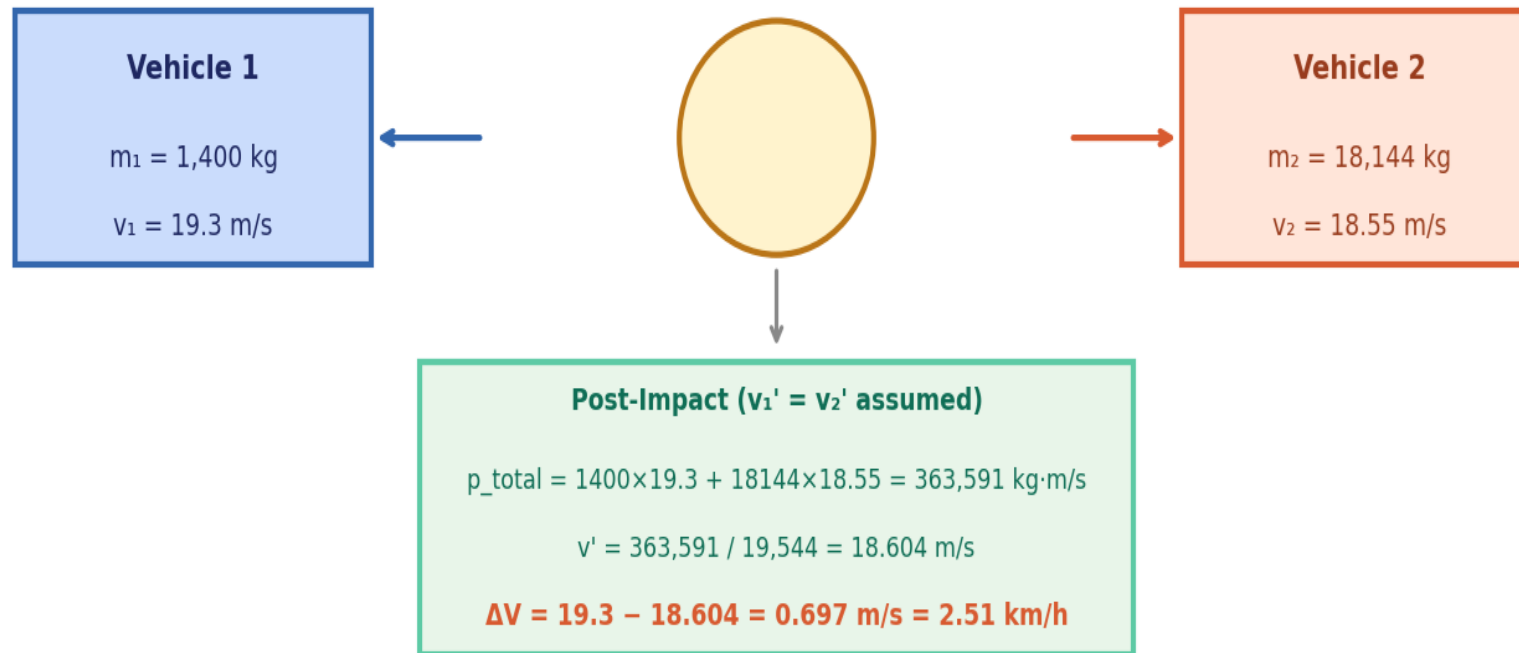
Traffic signal

\* <https://github.com/michigan-traffic-lab/Behavioral-Safety-Assessment>

# CIREN #100343: Delta-V Calculation (ADS Decision)

Case 100343 — V1 (1,400 kg) rear-ended by V2 (18,144 kg trailer) | Oblique Left impact direction

## Delta-V Calculation — Conservation of Momentum



# CIREN # 100343: Injury Risk Evaluation

Case 100343 |  $\Delta V = 45$  km/h | Male, 178 cm, BMI 22.1 | Oblique Left

## Head AIS 3+

$$\begin{aligned} z &= -10.5901 \\ &+ 2.3987 \times \ln(45) \\ &+ (-0.3892) [\text{Age}] \\ &+ (-0.0136 \times 178) [\text{Height}] \\ &+ (0.0591 \times 22.1) [\text{BMI}] \\ z &= -2.973 \\ P &= 1/(1+e^{2.973}) \end{aligned}$$

**4.9%**

## Chest AIS 3+

$$\begin{aligned} z &= -13.6031 \\ &+ 2.4905 \times \ln(45) \\ &+ 0.4087 [\text{Age}] \\ &+ (0.0128 \times 178) [\text{Height}] \\ &+ (-0.00922 \times 22.1) [\text{BMI}] \\ z &= -1.638 \\ P &= 1/(1+e^{1.638}) \end{aligned}$$

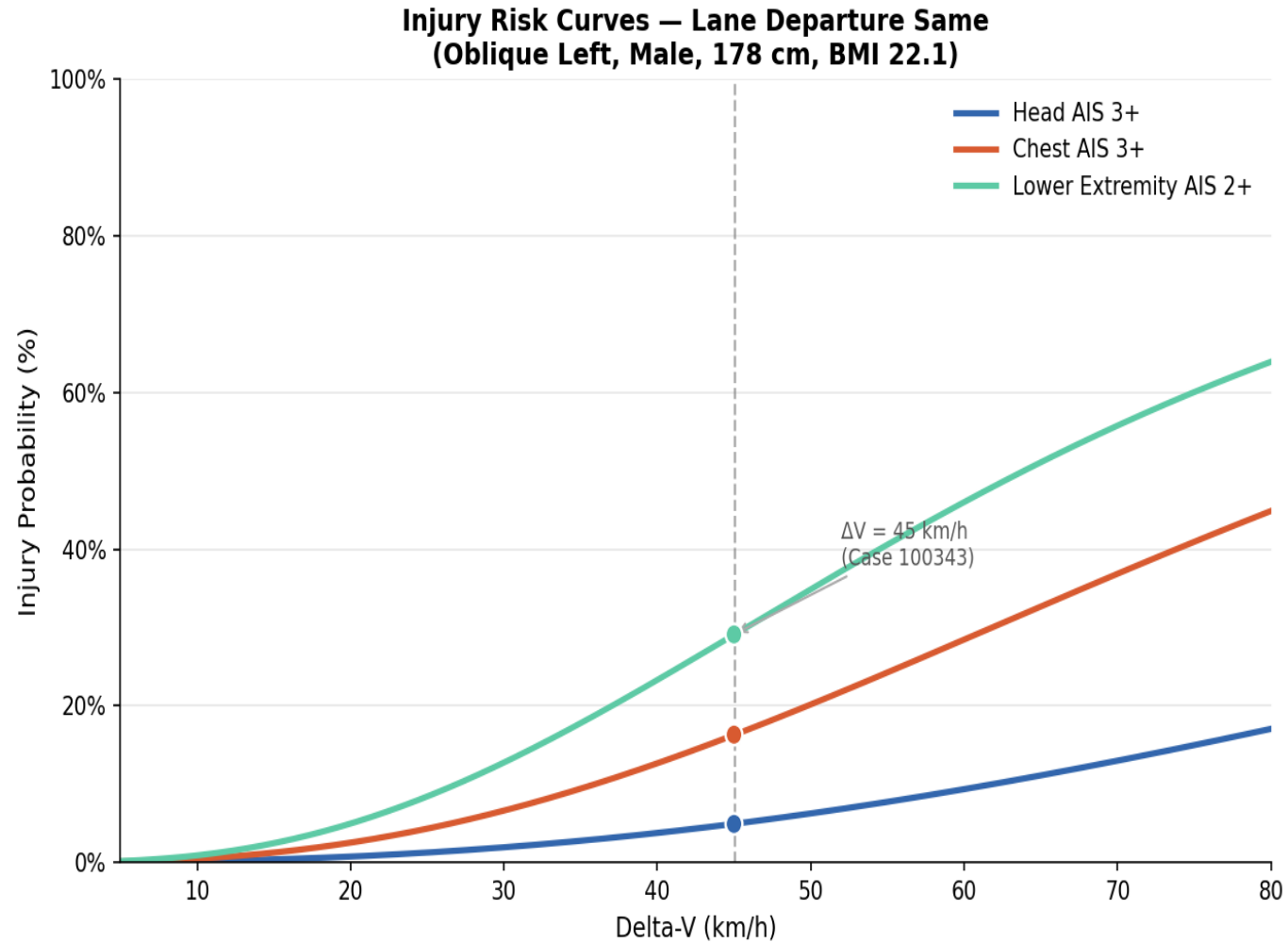
**16.3%**

## Lower Extremity AIS 2+

$$\begin{aligned} z &= -12.1951 \\ &+ 2.5444 \times \ln(45) \\ &+ 0.7025 [\text{Age}] \\ &+ (-0.00014 \times 178) [\text{Height}] \\ &+ (0.0425 \times 22.1) [\text{BMI}] \\ z &= -0.890 \\ P &= 1/(1+e^{0.890}) \end{aligned}$$

**29.1%**

# CIREN # 100343: Injury Risk Curves



# EDR Data (CIREN #108646)

EDR data metrics: speed, braking, acceleration, steering angle, and seatbelt usage

## Air Bag Deploy

Type	Position	Stage 1(ms)	Stage 2(ms)
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Top Instrument Panel		13	

## Pre-Crash

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Seat	
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## Passenger

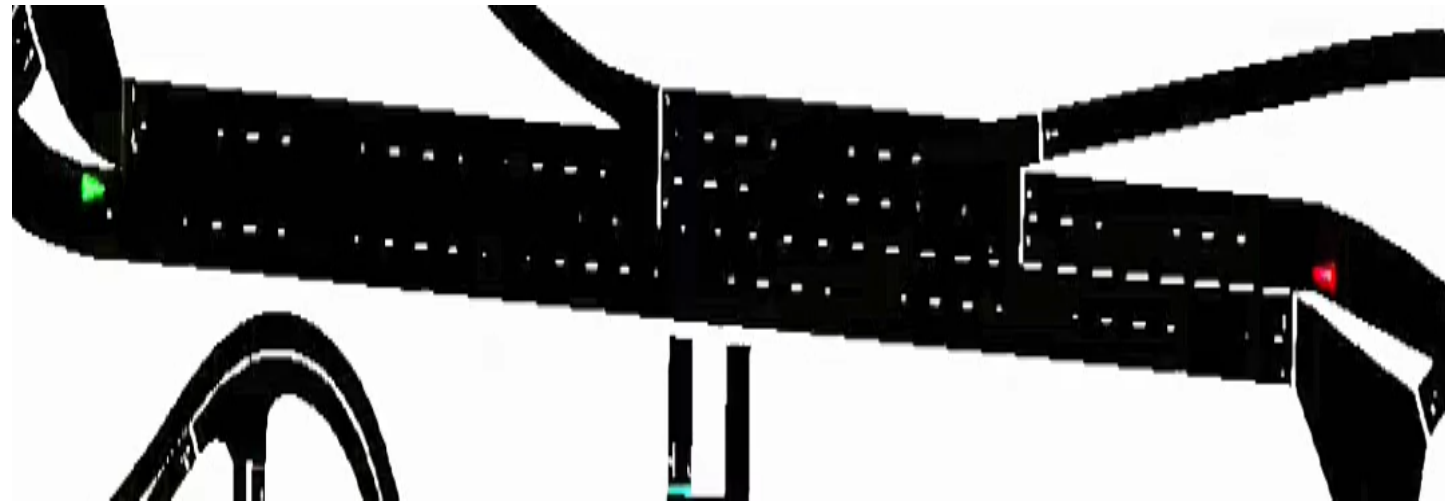
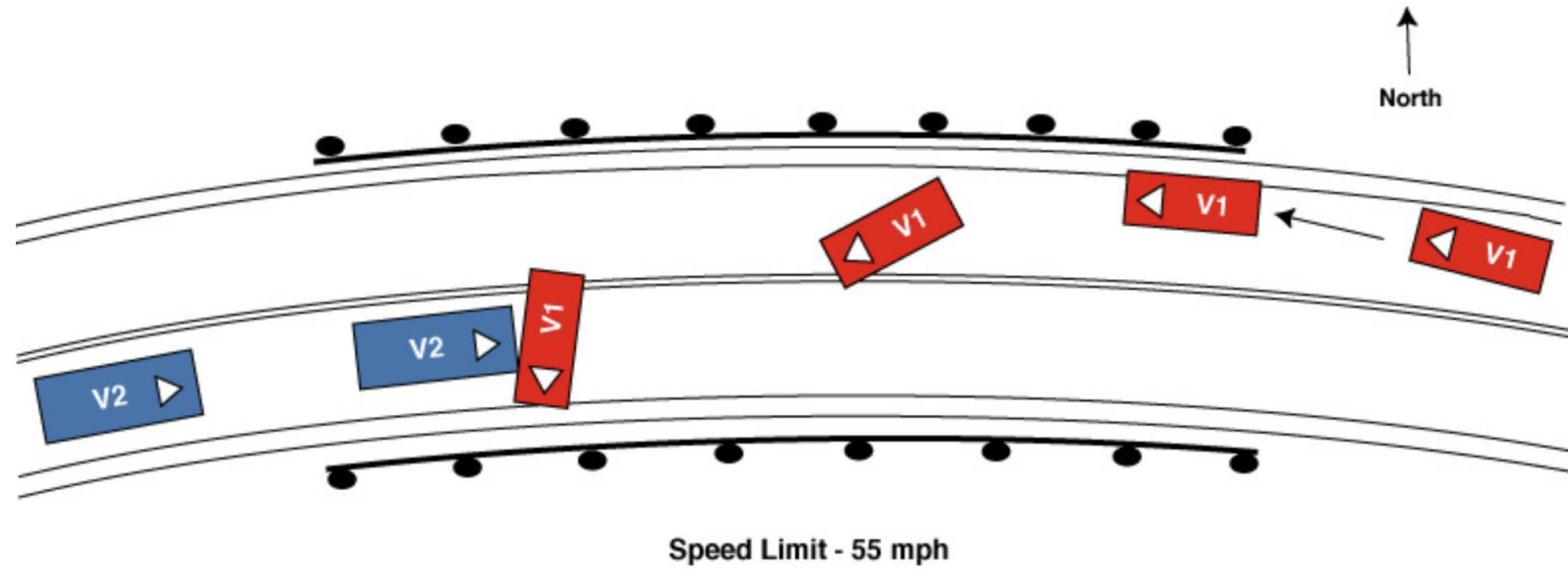
Belt	Not Reported
Seat	Not Reported
Pretensioner	Not Reported
Seat Track Forward	Not Reported

## Crash

### Longitudinal Delta V

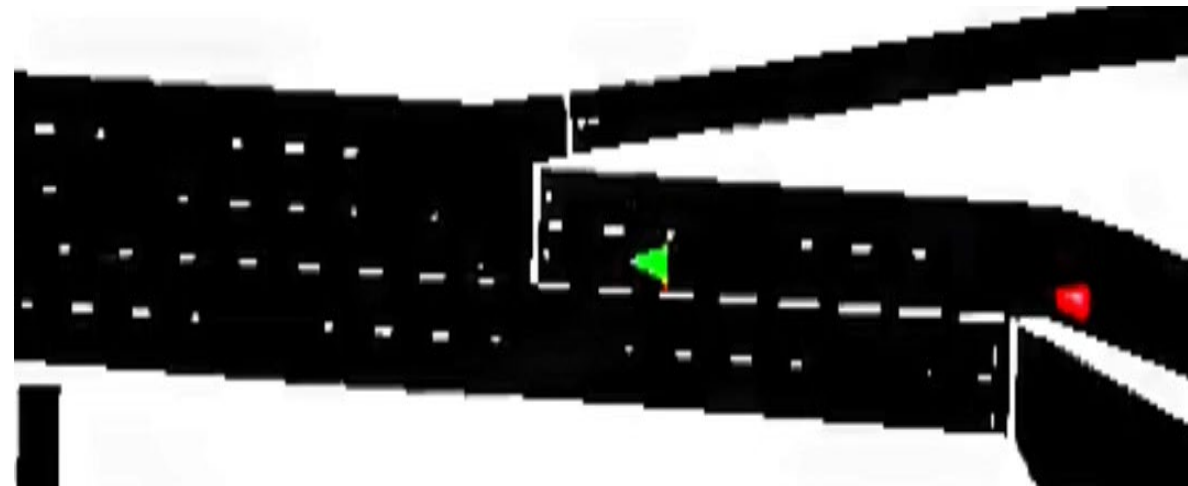
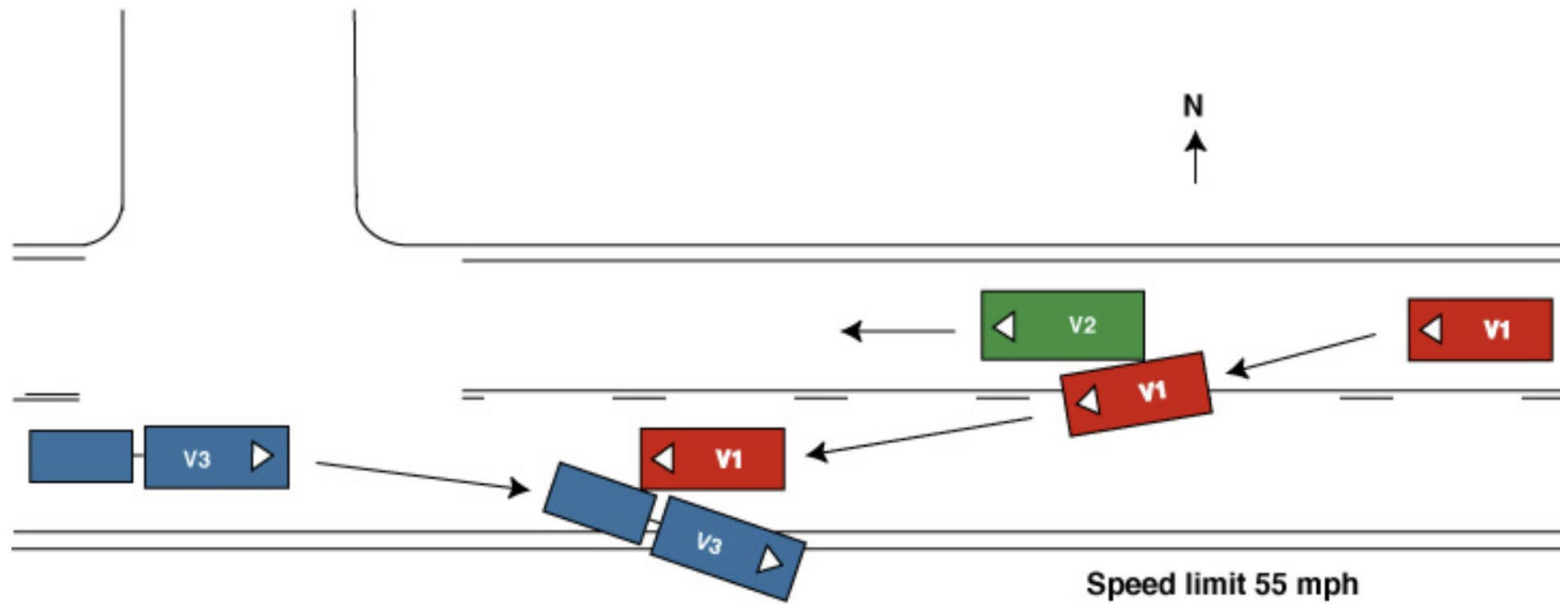
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50	-12.73
60	-20.62
70	-26.77
80	-32.47
90	-37.3
100	-42.12
110	-45.64
120	-48.71

# Lane Changing (CIREN #99817)



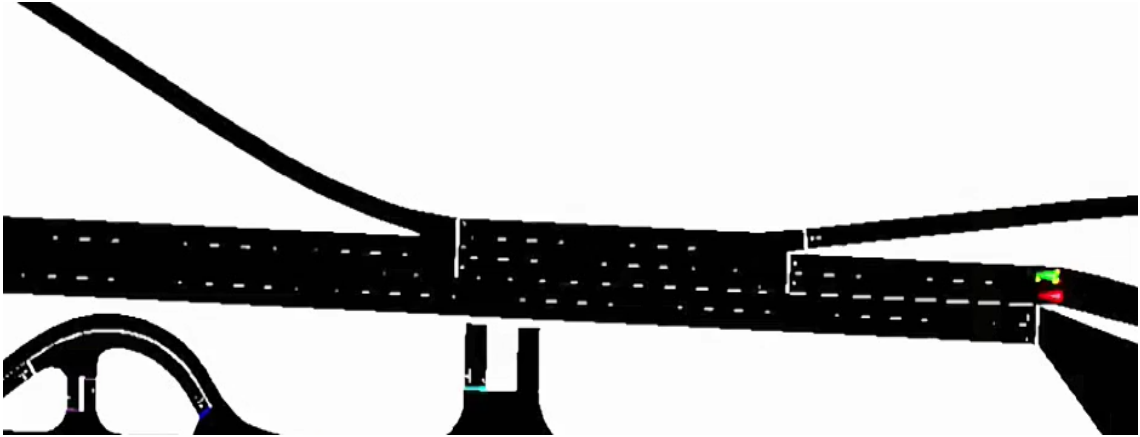
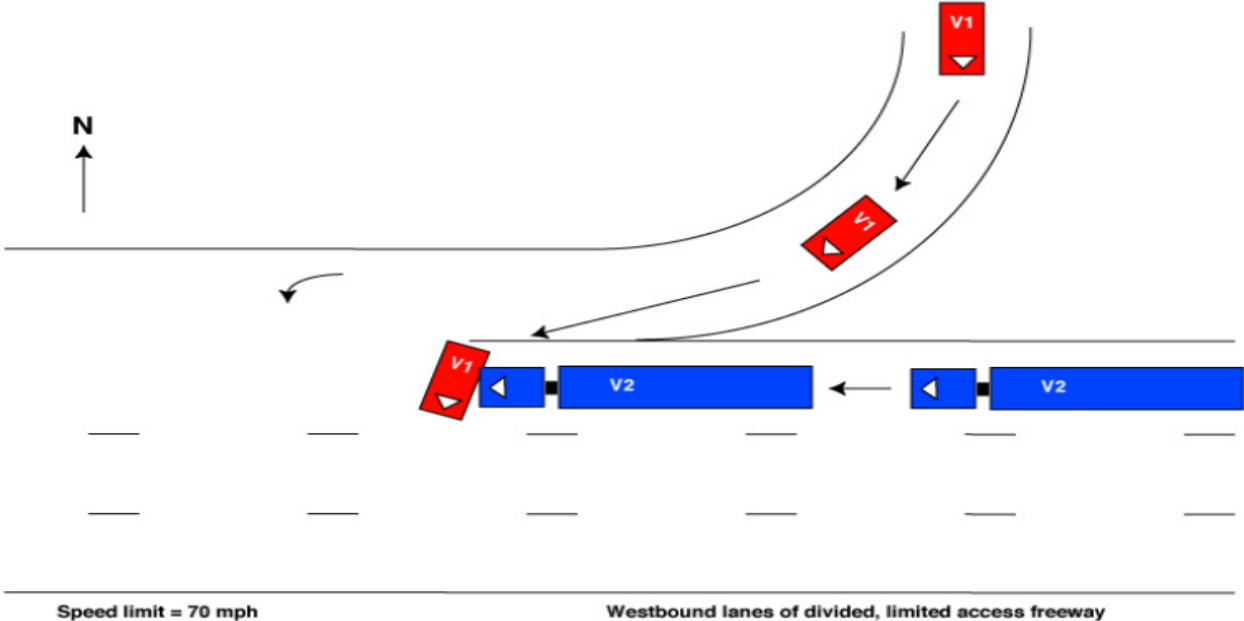
Red: AV  
Green: BV

# Car Following (CIREN #105203)



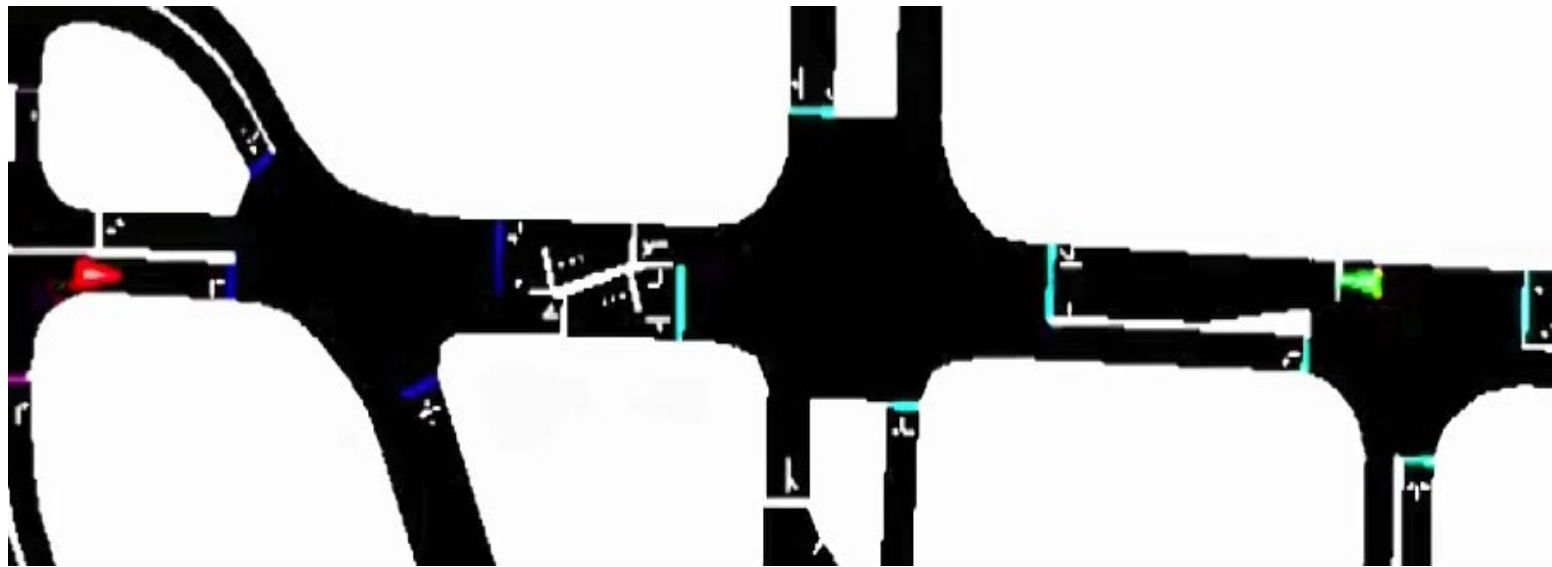
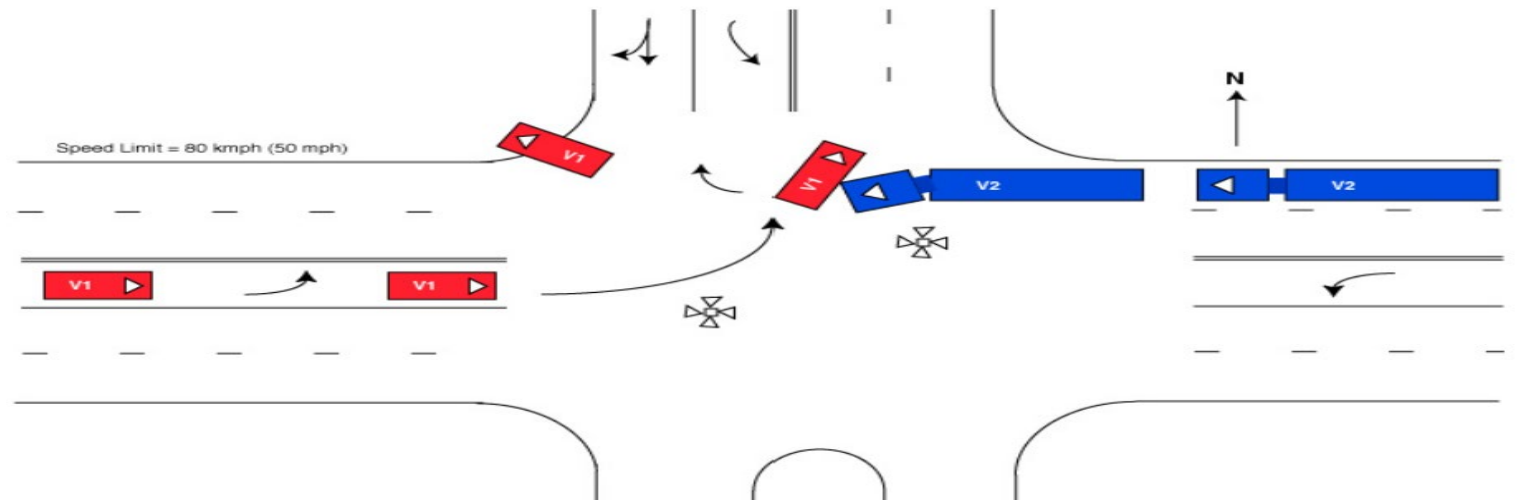
Red: AV  
Green: BV

# Cut In (CIREN #108909)



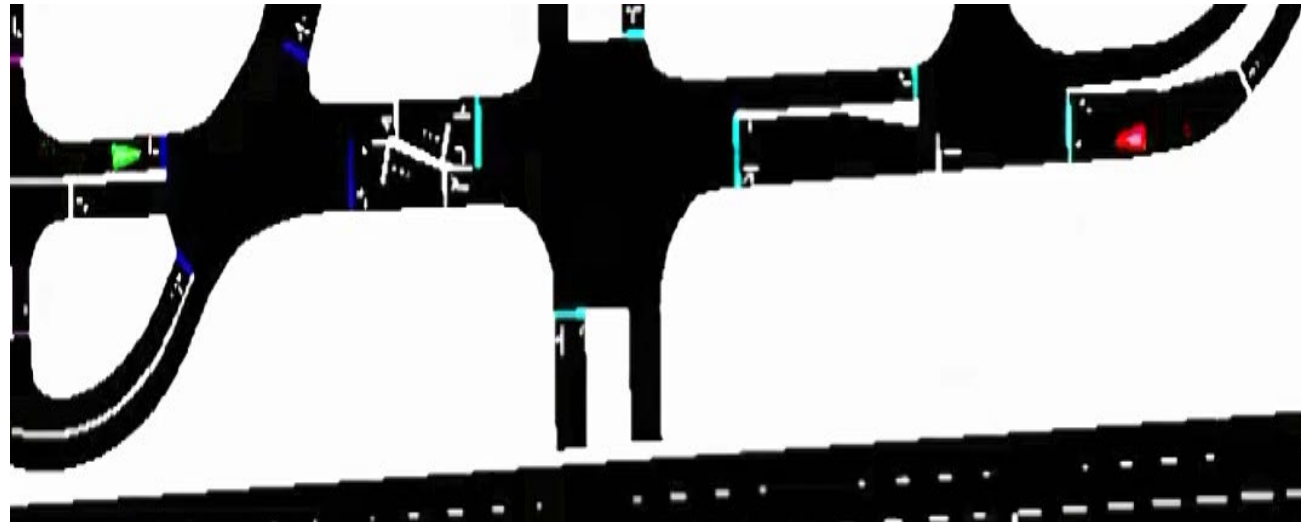
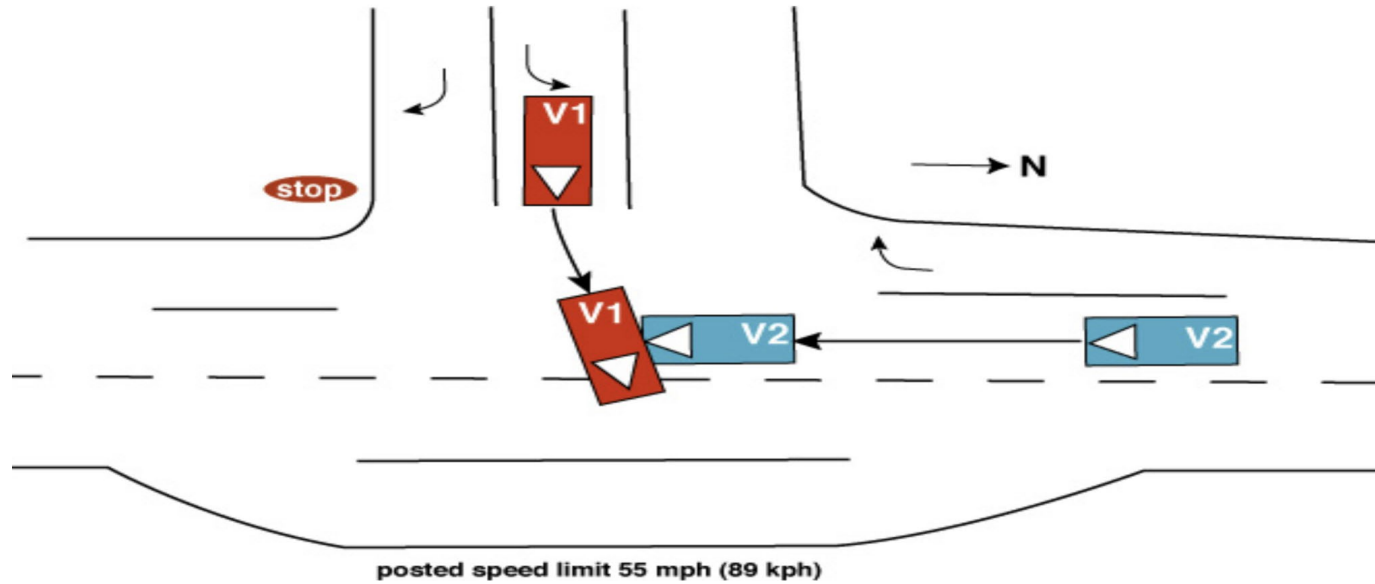
Red: AV  
Green: BV

# Left Turn (CIREN #109204)



Red: AV  
Green: BV

# Left Turn (CIREN #100271)



Red: AV  
Green: BV